Fort Ord was named after Major General Edward Cresap Ord, who served with Fremont's Army in the early California days as a lieutenant. Fort Ord covers more than 28,500 acres of rolling plains and rugged hills which make it ideal for its Infantry Training Center and Combat Support training missions. Located on the beautiful Monterey Peninsula, Fort Ord is 115 miles south of San Francisco and 340 miles north of Los Angeles.

Thousands of recruits, draftees, and reservists are trained in Fort Ord's four training brigades each year. The 1st and 3d Brigades conduct Basic Combat Training and the 4th Brigade conducts the following Combat Support Training courses: Basic Army Administration, Food Service, Basic Unit Supply, Automotive Mechanic's Helper, Field Communications, Light Wheel and Vehicle Driver.

Even before the recruit enters formal basic combat training, he begins to get the "feel" of becoming a soldier at his first stop — the Reception Station at Fort Ord. This is where the new recruit is assigned as a member of a platoon, under the command of a Drill Sergeant, an experienced noncommissioned officer who will lead, train and guide this platoon for the entire eight weeks of Basic Combat Training.

No one mistakes the identity of a drill sergeant because he is distinguished by his erect military bearing, his olive drab campaign hat, and his immaculate uniform which bears the crest and motto of Army Training Centers: "This We'll Defend." This motto, which is also inscribed on the Army Flag, depicts the determination, devotion and constant readiness of the American soldier.

During his time at the Reception Station, such terms as "Aptitude Test," "Classification Interview," "Language Qualification Test," "Clothing Issue," and "Preventive Medicine Orientations," become familiar words to the new soldier. Upon completion of this initial processing, he is assigned to a training company for eight weeks of Basic Combat Training.

There are five general categories of subjects presented during basic training. They are Administration, Command Information, General Military Subjects, Tactical Training, and Weapons Instruction.

In the first week the trainee finds that physical conditioning is one of the activities most stressed in basic training. Immediately he begins a series of
HOSPITAL
MUSEUM

The 7th Infantry Division Museum is located in the Fort Ord Welcome Center, and is open to the public from 1200 to 1700 hours, Monday through Friday. It contains memorabilia acquired by the Division in three wars. Such things as the American Flag that flew over General Joseph "Vinegar Joe" Stilwell's headquarters, enemy weapons captured during the Korean War, pictures of Medal of Honor winners, plus many trophies and momentos, are tastefully displayed in the Museum. The colors and guidons of the Division and its units are prominently displayed at the rear of the Museum. The Museum was dedicated on December 6, 1972.
TO THE NEW SOLDIER

This book is about you and your comrades in arms. It portrays your transition from civilian to soldier—a change which has been experienced by millions of other Americans before you. It marks your own successful entrance into the finest Army in the world and the continuation of an almost 200 year old American Army tradition.

Today, as in the past, our Army is only as good as its individual members. Your record thus far indicates that you are a worthy addition to the Army and that you will contribute to its proud traditions. As you progress with your Army career, apply and expand upon the knowledge and skills you have gained during these few weeks of Basic Combat Training.

This Pictorial Review Book should bring forth many memories in the years to come, both in military and civilian life.
PHYSICAL TRAINING
FIRST AID
PUGIL STICK
BAYONET
BEACH RANGES
FOXHOLE POSITION

RECORD RANGE
MACHINE GUN
I AM THE INFANTRY

I am the Infantry—Queen of Battle! For two centuries I have kept our Nation safe, purchasing freedom with my blood. To tyrants, I am the day of reckoning; to the suppressed, the hope for the future. Where the fighting is thick, there am I... I am the Infantry! FOLLOW ME!

I was there from the beginning, meeting the enemy face to face, will to will. My bleeding feet stained the snow at Valley Forge; my frozen hands pulled Washington across the Delaware. At Yorktown, the sunlight glinted from the sword and I, begrimed and battered... saw a Nation born.

Hardship... and glory I have known. At New Orleans, I fought beyond the hostile hour, showed the fury of my long rifle... and came of age, I am the Infantry!

Westward I pushed with wagon trains... moved and empire across the plains... extended freedom's borders and tamed the wild frontier, I am the Infantry! FOLLOW ME!

I was with Scott at Vera Cruz... hunted the guerrilla in the mountain passes... and scaled the high plateau. The fighting was done when I ended my march many miles from the old Alamo.

From Bull Run to Appomattox, I fought and bled. Both Blue and grey were my colors then. Two masters I served and united them strong... proved that this nation could right a wrong... and long endure. I am the Infantry! FOLLOW ME!

I led the charge up San Juan Hill... scaled the walls of old Tientsin... and stalked the Moro in the steaming jungle still... always the vanguard. I am the Infantry!

At Chateau-Thierry, first over the top, then I stood like a rock on the Marne. It was I who cracked the Hindenburg Line... in the Argonne, I broke the Kaiser's spine... and didn't come back 'till it was "over, over there." I am the Infantry! FOLLOW ME!

A generation older at Bataan, I briefly bowed, but then I vowed to return. Assaulted the African shore... learned my lesson the hard way in the desert sands... pressed my buttons into the beach at Anzio... and bounced into Rome with determination and resolve. I am the Infantry!

The English channel, stout beach defenses and the hedgerows could not hold me... I broke out to St. Lo, unbent the Bulge... vaulted the Rhine... and swarmed the Heartland. Hitler's dream and the Third Reich were dead.

In the Pacific, from island to island I hopped... hit the beaches and chopped through swamp and jungle... I set the Rising Sun. I am the Infantry!

In Korea, I gathered my strength around Pusan... swept across the frozen Han... outflanked the Reds at Inchon... and marched to the Yalu. FOLLOW ME!

Around the world, I stand... ever forward. Over Lebanon's sands, my rifle steady aimed... and calm returned. At Berlin's gate, I scorned the Wall of Shame. I am the Infantry!

My bayonet... on the wings of power... keeps the peace worldwide. And despots, falsely garbed in freedom's mantle, falter... hide. My ally in the paddies and the forest... I teach, I aid, I lead. FOLLOW ME!

Where brave men fight... there fight I. In freedom's cause... I die. From Concord Bridge to Heartbreak Ridge, from the Arctic to the Mekong... the Queen of Battle!

Always read... then, now and forever, I am the Infantry! FOLLOW ME!
CBR
INDIVIDUAL TACTICAL TRAINING
BASIC PHYSICAL FITNESS TEST
CONFIDENCE COURSE
GRENADES
BIVOUAC
LAND MINE WARFARE
The drill sergeant teaches the fundamentals of military life. He instills in the trainee a sense of loyalty to his fellow soldiers and to his country. By personal example he inspires respect for his profession.

The Army instructor imparts to the trainee the military knowledge and special skills that are essential to the men of today’s Army.

These professionals are the backbone of the Army.
COMPREHENSIVE PERFORMANCE TEST
TV TRAINING AID
LAND NAVIGATION
AMERICAN SPIRIT HONOR MEDAL

The American Spirit Honor Medal is a medallion provided under the auspices of the Citizens Committee for the Army, Navy and Air Force Incorporated. In December 1940, a group of patriotic civilians established the "Citizens Committee" for the purpose of providing men serving in the Armed Forces articles not otherwise available to them. First used in World War II, in what was then known as the Second Corps area, the American Spirit Honor Medal was an award for outstanding service. Early in 1950, the four military services requested that the Citizens Committee again furnish the medal as an award for the Outstanding Recruit upon completion of his basic training. Reinstated at Fort Ord early in 1967, the American Spirit Honor Medal is awarded weekly to the individual among all the graduating basic trainees at Fort Ord who displays in greatest measure those qualities of leadership best expressing the American spirit, honor, initiative, loyalty and high example to comrades in arms.
MAJOR GENERAL ROBERT G. GARD, JR.
Commanding General
US Army Training Center and Fort Ord
Fort Ord, California

General Gard came to Fort Ord from the Pentagon where, since June 1971, he has been the Director of Human Resources Development in the Office of the Deputy Chief of Staff for Personnel, Department of the Army.

In this position he is responsible for leadership and behavior, personnel services, race relations, equal opportunity, and alcohol and drug abuse policy.

General Gard served in Vietnam with the 9th Infantry Division. Initially as the 95th Division Artillery Commander from August 1968 until May 1969, and then as Division Chief of Staff until August 1969.

General Gard was born at West Point, N.Y., on January 28, 1938. He graduated from Texas Military Institute, San Antonio, Texas, in 1945, and entered West Point in 1946. Graduating from the US Military Academy, he was commissioned a Second Lieutenant of Field Artillery.

During the Korean War, General Gard commanded a firing battery of the 1/4th Field Artillery Battalion in combat.

After attending Harvard University from 1955 to 1957, he joined the faculty of the US Military Academy, where he was an Instructor in 1960 prior to participation in the Science and Public Policy Program, earning his second graduate degree. After attending Command and General Staff College at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, General Gard was assigned to US Army Europe. He commanded the 5th Battalion (Airborne), 81st Field Artillery, and then returned to the United States to attend the National War College in 1965.

From the summer of 1966 until his departure for Vietnam in August 1968, General Gard served in several key positions in the Office of the Secretary of Defense in the Pentagon, including Military Assistant to the Secretary of Defense.

BRIGADIER GENERAL EDWARD MURPHY MARKHAM, III
Deputy Commanding General
US Army Training Center and Fort Ord

Edward Murphy Markham, III graduated from the United States Military Academy, West Point, New York in 1951 as a Second Lieutenant of Infantry. He attended the Officer’s Basic Course and the Basic Airborne Course and Jumpmaster Airborne Course at the Infantry School, Fort Benning, Georgia.

General Markham served in Korea in 1952 as platoon leader, executive officer, company commander, and operations officer with the 17th Infantry Regiment. He subsequently served as Liaison Officer, G3 Planning, with the 7th Infantry Division.

In 1962 as First Lieutenant he was assigned to the 82d Airborne Division, Fort Bragg, North Carolina. After obtaining his masters degree in Civil Engineering, General Markham was assigned to the United States Military Academy as an instructor and also later served as an Associate Professor of the Department of Mechanics.

After completing the Advance Course and Ranger School in 1955-59 at Fort Benning, Georgia, General Markham was assigned to Germany. Promoted to major he served as a company commander with the 526 Infantry, and as Staff Officer in both Operations and Logistics, 3d Armored Division.

Upon completing the Command and General Staff College, Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, General Markham was assigned as Operations Staff Officer, Joint Chiefs of Staff, Washington, D.C. As a Lieutenant Colonel he graduated from the Armed Forces Staff College in 1966 and then went to Vietnam as a Battalion Commander, 1st Battalion, 7th Cavalry, 1st Cavalry Division. In 1967 he was assigned as Plans Officer, G3 Headquarters, 1st Field Force Vietnam.

After attending the Army War College, Carlisle Barracks, Pennsylvania, General Markham was assigned as head of a force planning branch, US Army Element, Pacific Command, Hawaii.

General Markham was Commander of the 1st Brigade 4th Infantry Division, Fort Carson, Colorado, when selected for promotion to Brigadier General. He was transferred to the United States Training Center, Fort Ord, California, on 28 July 1973 to become the Deputy Commanding General.
COMPANY C

Commenced Training: 19 November 1973

COL James E. Moore Jr.
Brigade Commander

LTC John R. Stamps
Battalion Commander

FOURTH BATTALION
THIRD BRIGADE

Completed Training: 17 January 1974

CPT Howard E. Gray
Company Commander
2LT Norbert Bissonette
Training Officer

1SG Richard F. Boelter
First Sergeant

PSG Jerry De La Cruz
Senior Drill Sergeant

PSG George W. Winegar Jr.
Drill Sergeant

SSG Manuel Baltazar
Drill Sergeant

SSG Harold Bryson
Drill Sergeant

SSG Lester Keeling
Training NCO

SSG Paul Keller
Drill Sergeant

SSG Dan Loggins Jr.
Outstanding Drill Sergeant

SSG Arrie Wells Jr.
Supply Sergeant

SGT Frank Drummer
Drill Sergeant

SGT Max Kennedy
Drill Sergeant

PFC Robert R. Ayotte
Company Clerk

E-2 Timberlake
Supply Clerk
SP6 Lequerica  
Assistant Mess Steward

SP5 McCotrell  
First Cook

SP4 Lewis E. Baker  
Cook

PFC Michael Pierson  
Cook

Charlie Company’s Mascot

Congratulations
Outstanding Drill Sergeant Dan Loggins Jr. and American Spirit Honor Medal Winner, E-2 Michael Maddox are being congratulated by Senior Drill Sergeant, PSG Jerry De La Cruz and Company Commander CPT Howard E. Gray.
body-building exercises designed to develop strength, endurance, agility, and coordination. These conditioning exercises are gradually intensified as he becomes adapted to his new environment.

During this initial phase, the trainee’s time is also devoted to drills and ceremonies, lessons in first aid, map reading and military justice. Character guidance classes, administered by Army chaplains, explain the interrelation of spiritual and patriotic values.

Hand-to-hand combat is introduced to teach the fundamentals of unarmed combat and to instill in each trainee confidence in his ability to protect himself from an armed or unarmed enemy without the use of weapons. Also taught are the basic skills of bayonet fighting. Intensive training is given in basic rifle marksmanship, and during the training period the recruit virtually lives with his rifle. At the end of this phase of his training he fires his weapon for qualification.

During the latter part of his training he goes into the field for bivouac where he receives tactical training, familiarization with hand grenades, and participates in live firing training exercises under simulated combat conditions.

Finally the trainee must take a graded test on all aspects of Basic Combat Training. When he passes this exacting test, his period of basic training is over. On the last day the new soldier parades for his graduation ceremony knowing he has mastered the fundamentals of soldiering.

But Basic Combat Training is not the end of the learning process. Next comes Advanced Training.

Depending upon the type of training they have chosen, or have been assigned to, most trainees will receive two weeks of leave between the basic and advanced cycles. Some men will return to Fort Ord. Others will be sent to posts throughout the country that specialize in subjects such as Infantry, Armor and Artillery. Some will become skilled in one of the Combat Support fields, such as mechanics, cooking, administration, and communications. Altogether the Army provides courses in some 625 subjects.

After Advanced Training, he is ready to take his place alongside his fellow soldiers in a unit, confident and fit to shoulder his share of responsibility as a soldier.