

Growers Violate Child Labor Laws

Of nearly 14,000 youngsters found by investigators to be employed in violation of child labor provisions of the Fair Labor Standards Act, 1555 were employed in agriculture, according to the Wage & Hour and Public Contracts Division of the U.S. Department of Labor.

The 1555 children were found to be under 16 years of age, and working during school hours. Of these, according to the report, 240 were nine years old or younger; 738 were between 10 and 13 years old; and 573 were between 14-15.

Child labor provisions affecting agriculture make it illegal for children under 16 to work during the hours school is in session.

This explains why a majority of those minors caught were enrolled

in classes below normal for their age.

The Labor Department does not speculate on the number of child labor violations which went undiscovered.



While children toil in the fields to enrich the growers, these youngsters picket so that their parents can win decent wages and a better future.

They were crammed into a closed truck of the type used for furniture deliveries. The driver took them to a private house at 2330 West Haisache, San Antonio, Texas. He left the 46 men inside the truck and went inside to sleep.

At dawn, the men were still inside the truck.

There was a shortage of oxygen, and they began kicking at the sides of the truck, hoping to draw some attention to themselves. Several tried to punch holes in the roof.

When the truck was finally opened, one man was dead. Two more died at Robert B. Green hospital in San Antonio. Cervantes, Quentin and Ochoa never got back to Mexico.

The 43 who lived were shipped back to Mexico by the immigration authorities. A decent burial for the three who died was provided only because of the intervention of Father Charles Graham, director of a Catholic cemetery in San Antonio.

So far as EL MALCRIADO can learn, the "contractor" has not been found.

VIVA LA CAUSA DEL CAMPE-
SINO.



THREE MEXICANS KILLED SMUGGLING "ACCIDENT" IN TEXAS

Serviano Cervantes, Alfredo Quentin and Jose Ochoa, together with 43 other Mexican citizens, decided one day to try their luck finding work on the northern side of the Rio Grande. They left their families behind, hoping to return before long with a little extra cash.

Each of them had \$100 or so with them, and we can imagine what it took to raise the money for the trip in the rural areas of Mexico.

When they got to Piedras Negras, at the border, the 46 men were picked up by a "contractor." That was on September 29.

What's Cooking at Filipino Hall?

Napoleon once said, "An Army moves on its stomach." La Huelga is no exception. Shown here are some of the Union's cooks: Sistere Carmen Reyes, Leona Guzman and Esperanza Pulmano. Below: the kitchen garden at Filipino Hall is harvested for squash.



Carmen Reyes and Leona Guzman



Esperanza Pulmano

George Ebals, Tom Dahilig and Martin Galaport

